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Information and Privacy Commissioner of Ontario

Commissaire à l'information et à la protection de la vie privée de l'Ontario

Privacy Law Update

Ontario Connections: Access, Privacy, Security & Records Management Conference, June 7, 2016

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de Pelham v Peel Regional Police 2015 ONSC 6558

- CAS advise police of presence of potential caregiver in home where vulnerable foster child placed
- police tell CAS he had pending criminal charges [drug, gun]
- he claims disclosure violated MFIPPA
- IPC says permitted under:
 - Child and Family Services Act [s. 72 duty to disclose for harm prevention]
 - MFIPPA [s. 32(e) disclosure under another statute]
- Divisional Court upholds IPC (on both substantive and Legislative privilege grounds)



- John Stevens v Glennis Walsh, 2016 ONSC 2418
 - Pilot accessed work schedule of colleague who was in divorce proceedings and provided information to the ex-wife
 - Intrusion upon seclusion
 - Damages 1,500
- T.K.L. v. T.M.P., 2016 BCSC 789
 - Step-father surreptitiously recording step daughter in bedroom and bathroom
 - Statutory tort under *Privacy Act*, R.S.B.C., 1996, c.373
 - Damages **\$85,000** (general and aggravated)





- Jane Doe 464533 v. N.D
 - Former boyfriend posted intimate video online
 - New Privacy Tort Public Disclosure of Private Facts/Publicity Given to Private Life
 - Giving publicity to a matter concerning the private life of another person
 - If the matter publicized or the act of publication would be highly offensive to a reasonable person and is not of legitimate concern to the public
 - Damages \$100,000 plus costs

Video Surveillance



- Halton Catholic District School Board [MC13-46]
 - privacy complaint about school's use of video surveillance
 - IPC finds board failed to demonstrate volume, scope of PI collected was necessary [MFIPPA s. 28(2)]
 - IPC recommends board conduct assessment of system in a manner consistent with *MFIPPA*, the board's internal policy and the report
- Toronto Catholic District School Board [MC13-60]
 - similar complaint to above
 - but, based on the evidence, collection of images within school property permitted under *MFIPPA*
 - although capturing of images outside school property not lawful
 - IPC recommends board adjust cameras to blur off-site images, revise notice of collection and its policies



- Telus & Rogers "Tower Dump" case
 - Police request for 40,000 call detail records from cell phone tower
 - Names, numbers, addresses, banking details
 - "Far beyond what was reasonably necessary to gather evidence concerning the commission of the crimes under investigation"
 - Contrary to Section 8 of the Canadian Charter of Rights and Freedoms – i.e., The right to be secure against unreasonable search or seizure
 - Guidelines for police and courts to follow in future

Privacy and text messages



- *R v Pelucco* 2015 BCCA 370
 - police seize phone of potential drug buyer (Guray), use it to solicit drugs from dealer (Pelucco)
 - when P arrives by car, police seize phone, with the text messages, and cocaine/other drugs
 - on appeal, Crown argues P had no reasonable expectation of privacy in sent text messages, since G could have chosen to share them with anyone
 - BCCA (majority): sender normally will have a reasonable expectation that text will remain private in hands of recipient [*Charter* s. 8]
 - P was entitled to expect police would not search messages on G's phone without authorization
 - police violated P's reasonable expectation of privacy

Class Actions

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- Ashley Madison
 - Data breach affecting 30 to 40 million users of website
 - Class action lawsuit claiming \$750 million in damages
 - Breach of contract
 - Breach of Ontario Consumer Protection Act
 - Negligence
 - Intrusion upon seclusion
 - Publicity given to private life
 - Breach of Privacy
 - To what extent will Canadian courts impose liability on organizations that have been victims of criminal activity, such as cyberattacks?

Class Actions



- The Bank of Nova Scotia case
 - Employee of bank provided personal information to girlfriend for fraudulent purposes
 - 165 suffered identity theft
 - Big question: Would bank be held vicariously liable? If it settles, we will not know
 - Proposal to offer \$1.55 million divided among some of the claimants
 - Currently waiting to see if the settlement will be approved



- union representing federal workers challenges new security screening process for employees
- new process includes fingerprinting, credit and criminal checks, searches of public information (including social media)
- check required to obtain basic reliability status needed to be federal employee
- replaces a 1994 standard which collected less information for entry-level clearance



- union files Federal Court application, claims new check violates Charter s. 7, federal Privacy Act
- union also sought an interim injunction
- FC finds serious issue but union fails "irreparable harm" test for injunction
 - government would face irreparable harm if checks halted, delay would not be in the public interest in ensuring Canada's national security, international interests, public trust in the public service
 - but main FC application yet to be decided

Statutory Changes



- The *Digital Privacy Act* Amendments to PIPEDA
 - 1. Definition of Personal Information
 - 2. Changes to Consent
 - 3. Collection, use and disclosure of employee personal information
 - 4. Business transactions
 - 5. Compliance agreements
 - 6. Mandatory breach reporting (still not in force)





- to date, IPC has referred six individuals to AG for PHIPA offence prosecution [s. 72]
 - 2011: nurse at North Bay Health Centre
 - 2015: two radiation therapists at Toronto's UHN
 - 2015: social worker at a family health team
 - 2016: registration clerk at a regional hospital
 - 2016: regulated professional at a Toronto hospital



- successful offence prosecutions
 - two radiation therapists pled guilty to willfully collecting, using or disclosing personal health information in contravention of *PHIPA* [s. 72(1)(a)]
 - each fined \$2,000, \$500 victim surcharge
 - registration clerk pled guilty to same offence
 - clerk agreed to \$10,000 fine, \$2,500 victim surcharge
- professional discipline
 - nurses in North Bay and Peterborough suspended by College of Nurses of Ontario for four months each



- Bell Case Relevant Advertising Program (RAP)
 - Considered reasonable expectations of customers
 - Paid service
 - Sensitive information
 - Explicit "opt-in" consent required
 - RAP also resulted in class action lawsuit
 - Plaintiff's claiming \$750 million



- Guidelines on Privacy and Online Behavioural Advertising; Policy Position on Online Behavioural Advertising
- Conditions for relying upon "opt-out" consent
 - Clear and understandable notice Cannot be "buried in a privacy policy"
 - Notice must outline purposes and parties involved
 - Must be able to opt-out easily. Opt-out must take effect immediately and be persistent
 - Can only collect and use non-sensitive information (not sensitive information – e.g., medical or health information)
 - Information must be destroyed or de-identified as soon as possible

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